

Reproducing Kernels of Sobolev Spaces and Applications to Tractability

ERICH NOVAK,

Joint work with
MARIO ULLRICH
HENRYK WOŹNIAKOWSKI and
SHUN ZHANG

The standard Sobolev space $W_2^s(\mathbb{R}^d)$, with arbitrary positive integers s and d for which $s > d/2$, has the reproducing kernel

$$K_{d,s}(x, t) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} \frac{\prod_{j=1}^d \cos(2\pi(x_j - t_j)u_j)}{1 + \sum_{0 < |\alpha|_1 \leq s} \prod_{j=1}^d (2\pi u_j)^{2\alpha_j}} du$$

for all $x, t \in \mathbb{R}^d$, where x_j, t_j, u_j, α_j are components of d -variate x, t, u, α , and $|\alpha|_1 = \sum_{j=1}^d \alpha_j$ with non-negative integers α_j ; see Hegland and Marti (1986). We obtain a more explicit form for the reproducing kernel $K_{1,s}$ and find a closed form for the kernel $K_{d,\infty}$.

Knowing the form of $K_{d,s}$, we present applications on the best embedding constants of the Sobolev space $W_2^s(\mathbb{R}^d)$ to $L_\infty(\mathbb{R}^d)$, and on strong polynomial tractability of integration with an arbitrary probability density. We prove that the embedding constants are exponentially small in d , and the worst case integration errors of algorithms using n function values are also exponentially small in d .